

CT Scanner



VENDOR

VJ Technologies

MATERIALS

Metals Composites Ceramics

Computed Tomography, or **CT scanning**, is used in industrial and medical industrial applications. This imaging technique is incredibly powerful, and uses x-rays to produce three-dimensional representations of the scanned object both externally and internally.

Industrial CT scanning is used for for nondestructive internal investigation of components. Some of the key uses for CT scanning have been flaw detection, failure analysis, metrology, assembly analysis and reverse engineering applications.

The LIFT CT Scanner is configurable with several micrometer-focus x-ray tubes for high resolution applications and high-power millimeter-focus x-ray sources for castings, munitions, automotive assemblies, aerospace assemblies and other non-destructive test inspections.

APPLICATIONS

X-ray technology allows manufacturers to easily scan components for flaws, to investigate internal structure and geometry, or for reverse engineering purposes.

- Equipment Dimensions: 2,590, x 2,330 mm x 2,336 mm
- X-ray Source: 150kV, 0.0 500μA, 5 μm focal spot at 4W
- 60 kg weight capacity
- Detector: 2,048 x 2,048 pixels, pixel size 200 µm
- 600 mm x 900 mm sample envelope
- 225 kv shielded cabinet with motorized parts door





Extrusion PIESS



VENDOR

Danieli Breda

MATERIALS

Aluminum and Magnesium alloys

An Extrusion Press is a thermo-mechanical processing machine which forces metal through a die, using using elevated temperature and high pressure to form a piece with a uniform cross section along its length. For manufacturing lightweight components, high-temperature metallic billets (aluminum or magnesium, for example) are forced through a die to create an

elongated product with a cross-sectional shape determined by the die shape.

The elongated material, now in the shape of the die, can be cut into desired lengths and/or reshaped using additional thermomechanical, additive, or subtractive processes. A common example of an extruded product is the aluminum perimeter of window screens.

APPLICATIONS

Industries and applications supported by an extrusion press include: aerospace, automotive, renewable energy, telecommunications, electronics, mass transit, construction, and others.

SPECIFICATIONS

Produces up to 50" long sections

12MN/1344 Tons

250 Bar/3336 PSI

16mm/s, 0.63"/s

200mm/7.9"

up to 50'

300mm/11.8"

Uses 1,344 U.S. tons of force

Die Stack Dimension

Billet Specifications

Billet (Ø) Billet Max Length

Billet Furnace

157mm/6.18" Temperature 830mm/32.67" Quench

Ø355 x 355; 13.98" x 13.98"

Furnace preheats 200lb. billets at 900°F

152.4mm/6" +0mm/-2mm/0.08" 800mm/31.5"

530C/986F n/a



Capacity **Nominal Pressure Extrusion Speed Exit hold width Exit Slotted Width** Container (Ø) **Container Length Extrusion Length**



Flexible Joining System

VENDOR

Comau

MATERIALS

Steel, Aluminum Alloys and Titanium Alloys



The **Flexible Joining System** can be used for many joining needs in the metalworking process, including wire-feed welding and spot welding, as well as fixturing, positioning, and alignment of components and assemblies.

APPLICATIONS

Joining needs include: arc welding, spot welding, adhesive bonding, mechanical joining, surface treatment—cleaning or coating, and alignment and fixturing of components for joining.

SPECIFICATIONS

- 40' x 50' cell
- 16' x 40' work zone for tooling: Small assemblies, Large assemblies such as heavy truck frames, Large plates for ships (both sides being welded simultaneously), Arc Welding, Spot Welding, Adhesive (bonding) Joining, Mechanical Joining, Surface Treatment, Wide Access Doors, Overhead Crane Access
- Arc and spot welding
- Bonding
- Mechanical Joining
- Component positioning and alignment

Robots 1 & 2 Smart 5 NJ 370 - 3.0

Payload 370 kg - Reach 3.0 m

Robots 3 & 4 Smart 5 NJ 16 - 3.10

Payload 16 kg - Reach 3.10m

2 - Comau

TMF47.29M Over 7 meter slide length

4 - Control Panels Reamer

20 ft. Comau Rail System

1 Weld Gun

Multi-purpose Tooling System
Aluminum and Steel Capability





Hot Isostatic Processing

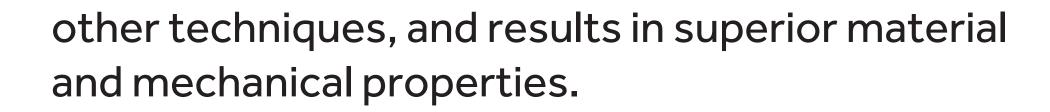
VENDOR

American Presses Inc.

MATERIALS

Common Materials are super alloys, titanium and aluminum alloys, high strength steels (HSS) and stainless steels

Hot isostatic pressing (HIP) is a manufacturing process used to eliminate internal microporosity in metal castings and other materials. Enables the solidification, sintering, and densification of metal, polymer, ceramic and composite powders in the solid state. This method, coupled with powder metallurgy allows for the formation of components from metals (such as refractory metals) that are otherwise inaccessible with



The HIP process subjects a component to both elevated temperature and isostatic (or equal) gas pressure in a high-pressure containment vessel. The chamber is heated, and argon gas is pumped into the cell until the desired pressure and temperature are achieved. The pressure is applied to the material from all directions.

APPLICATIONS

Primary applications are the **consolidation of powder metals and ceramic composites**. Hot isostatic pressing is also used as part of a **sintering (powder metallurgy) process and for fabrication of metal matrix composites**.

SPECIFICATIONS

- 30,000 psi of working pressure
- Interior: 10" diameter x 30" length
- Hot Zone: 6" diameter x 12" length
- Rapid Cooling
- Furnace 1400 C molybdenum two zone furnace with a 150mm diameter x 30mm long hot zone

Vessel Type ASME Section VIII

Div 2 code stamped pressure vessel, National Board registered. SA-723 steel.

Cooling

Treated closed loop cooling system with reservoir, pump & heat exchanger. Connects to customer coolant at 15 gpm

Hydro

Tested and stamped.



R

Forming Press

VENDOR

Interlaken Technology (ITC)

MATERIALS

Various metals



Forming Presses are often used for processing or reshaping material of various forms by thermomechanical deformation (a.k.a. upsetting). The workpiece and/or tool are often (but not always) held at elevated temperature, and pressure is applied by the press to deform the material into a predetermined geometry.

Advanced forming presses like those at LIFT also serve as sophisticated test systems, allowing one to characterize material properties over a range of temperatures and pressures. For example, the limitations of a material for stamping can be determined by generating a forming limit diagram via controlled experiments. Further, these data can be used to calibrate and refine Integrated Computational Materials Engineering Models (ICME) models, which serve as the core of any contemporary advanced manufacturing effort.

This ITC ServoPress line consists of two double-acting, servo-controlled hydraulic presses designed for laboratory and production use. The systems control, monitor, and record process parameters such as clamp force, clamp position, punch force, and punch position, affording a data stream that directly couples to the virtual and theoretical world.

- Heated tooling currently capable of up to 1,200°F
- Double action forming
- FB35"xSS35"x 24" Daylight
- Hydraulic power supply
- Complete system
- Super ServoPress 300 Ton (2670kN) clamp, 230 Ton (2046kN) punch
- 609mm stroke on clamp and punch
- 36" (800mm) between the columns, front to back and side to side, 24" (600mm) daylight



Cold Spray Additive



VENDOR

SPEE3D

MATERIALS

Variety of metal powders



Cold Spray Additive Manufacturing employs low-temperature kinetic deposition of various types of metal powders, supporting the production of custom components and functionally-graded materials.

During the process, fine powder particles are accelerated in a high-velocity compressed gas stream, and upon the impact on a substrate or backing plate, deform and bond together creating a layer. Moving the nozzle over a substrate repeatedly, a deposit is building up layer-by-layer, to form a part or component.

The world's first metal 3D printer to use patented SPEE3D technology, enabling significantly faster, more cost-effective and more scalable production than traditional manufacturing.

The SPEE3D process is also 100 to 1000 times faster than traditional 3D metal printing, making it the world's fastest way to turn your design into a usable printed metal part.

SPECIFICATIONS

Maximum part size: Ø350 x 300mm (27L)

Maximum part weight: 4 kg

Deposition rate: 100g/minute (maximum)

Materials: Copper, Aluminium

Deposition spot size: 6 m

Noise: < 85dBA @1m

Machine footprint: 3130 x 1460 x 2325mm

Machine weight: Approx 2500kgm



Plasmatreat



VENDOR

Plasmatreat

MATERIALS

Plastics, metals and glass to cardboard, textiles and composites.

Plasma pretreatment, or **Plasmatreat**, is the key enabling technology for microfine cleaning, surface activation and plasma coating of nearly all kinds of materials – from metals, carbon fiber, plastics and glass, to cardboard, textiles and composites.

When materials are subjected to atmospheric plasma, their surface chemistry and topology are altered at atomic and microscopic levels. The treated surfaces are activated toward accepting surface amendments such as insulating/ protective coatings and structural adhesives.

Often, the insulating and protective coatings are deposited via plasma coating technology, which is also provided by Plasmatreat. Together, plasma treatment and plasma coating increases the chemical and environmental stability of materials, as well as the strength of connections formed through the application of structural adhesives.

In the manufacturing industry, this principle is used for selective modification of material characteristics to increase in the adhesiveness and wettability of surfaces.

APPLICATIONS

Aerospace, automotive, energy, defense, and shipbuilding

SPECIFICATIONS

Robot: R1000A, 2.23 m reach, 80 Kg, 6 axis

Operating power: 1kW at 480V AC

Large Working Area: 6' x 5'



Laser Beam Powder Bed Fusion

VENDOR

EOS

MATERIALS

Most metals, tooling and set up dependent



The award-winning EOS M 290 employs Direct Metal Laser Solidification (DMLS $^{\text{TM}}$) technology. This powder-bed based form of 3D printing ensures maximum part density and exceptional quality.

With the most extensive materials portfolio on the market and a powerful 400-watt fiber laser beam for superior detail resolution, the EOS M 290 is ideal for producing highly complex components in a repeatable, production-ready manner for a broad range of applications.

EOS is the world's leading technology provider for additive manufacturing solutions with metals and plastics through 3D printers, materials and software.

- Building volume: $250 \times 250 \times 325$ mm ($9.85 \times 9.85 \times 12.8$ in) (height incl. build plate)
- Laser type: Yb fibre laser; 400 W
- Precision optics: F-theta lens; high-speed scanner
- Scanning speed: Up to 7.0 m/s (23 ft./sec)
- Focus diameter: 100 µm (0.004 in)
- Power supply: 32 A / 400 V
- Power consumption: Max. 8,5 kW / average 2,4 kW / with platform heating up to 3,2 kW
- Inert gas supply: 7,000 hPa; 20 m³/h (102 psi; 706 ft³/h)
- Dimensions: (W x D x H) 2,500 x 1,300 x 2,190 mm (98.4 x 51.2 x 86.2 in)
- Recommended installation space: Min. 4,800 x 3,600 x 2,900 mm (189 x 142 x 114 in)
- Weight: Approx. 1,250 kg (2,756 lb)



Machine Shop



VENDOR

Knuth and FANUC

MATERIALS

Most Metals and other materials.

A **machine shop** is an area for cutting, shaping, drilling, finishing, and other metal processing. The LIFT machine shop is a fully-outfitted machine shop, including a FANUC Robodrill CNC mill, in addition to machines which can cut, drill, grind, bend, and form metal into more finished products.

MACHINES

Vertical Drill Press

Multifunctional machine used on small and middle sized work pieces for drilling, spot facing, reaming, taping and milling.

• KMT 1353 Motorized swing beam shear The machine designed for cutting steel and plate shape plastic parts.

• 3 in 1 Sheet metal working machine For cutting, folding and roll bending or metal

Lathe

Precision lathe with constant cutting speed

Electric Discharge Machine

For processing and reshaping small and medium-sized mold cavities as well as the shaping of specialized high-strength spare parts.

Disc and Combination Disc/Belt Sanders
 For shaping and finishing materials.

• 5 Ton Arbor Press

For press-fitting and pulling bearings, aligning, bending and broaching

Surface Grinder

High precision and cost-effective machining/ grinding of steel, cast iron and nonferrous metals

Hydraulic Workshop Press

Designed for beams, profiles, pivots, shaft bending and straightening; bearings, bushings, the assembly and disassembly of pivots; stamping, punching, forming.

Multipurpose Milling Machine

Used to process plane surfaces, oblique plane at any angle, mill key slots and grooves, and to drill, ream and bore holes

Vertical Metal Band Saw

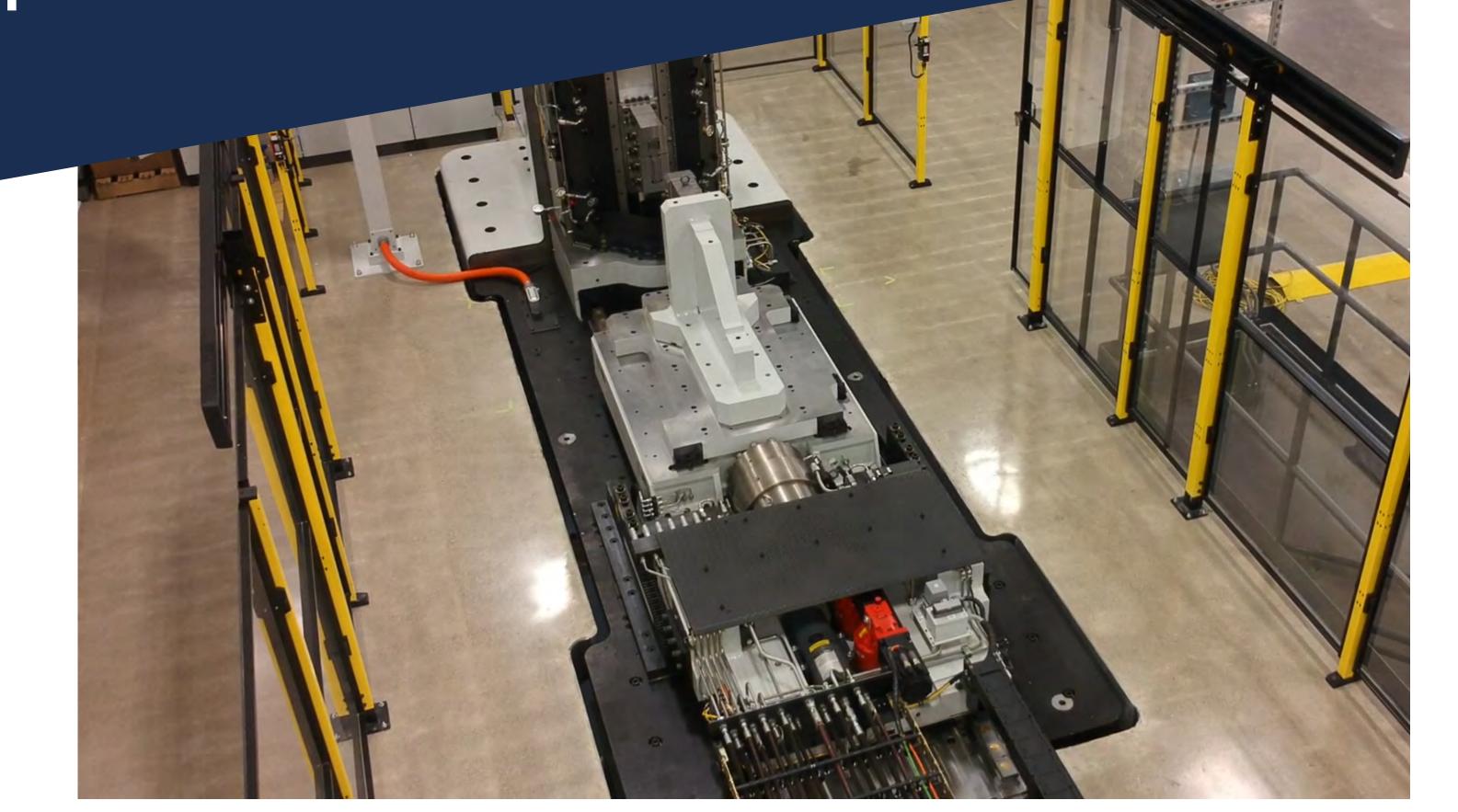
Can be used to cut out complex shapes and angles.

MICHIGAN ECONOMIC

DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION



Linear Friction Welder



VENDOR

MTI

MATERIALS

Variety of metals

Linear Friction Welding, is a solid-state process in which one part moved in a linear motion at high speed and is pressed against another part held stationary. The resulting friction heats the parts, causing them to forge together. The LF35-75 is a 35 ton oscillating 75 ton forge capacity (150,000 lbs. down to 10,000 lbs) universal machine capable of solid state welding a variety of materials, sizes and geometries.

ADVANTAGES

- Superior Joint Quality
- Energy Efficient
- Ecologically Friendly
- Eliminates Block Machining with "Near Net Shape" Joining
- Forged-quality Welds for Complex Geometries of Nearly Any Metal Type
- Quick Welding Process Meets the Demands of any Supply Chain
- Minimal Joint Preparation Reduces Prep Time and Speeds Up Productions
- Defect-free Welding Decreases waste
- Scalable Welding Sizes for any Magnitude of Applications

- Equipment Dimensions: 22' x 8' x 14'
- Weight: 122,000 lbs (61 metric tons)
- Forge Force: 7.5t U.S., 6.8 metric tons to 75t US, 68.05 metric tons
- Oscillation Process: Oscillation, frequency and amplitude are customized to each friction welding application
- 30 to 1 stationary to moving mass ratio





Metrology Lab





VENDOR

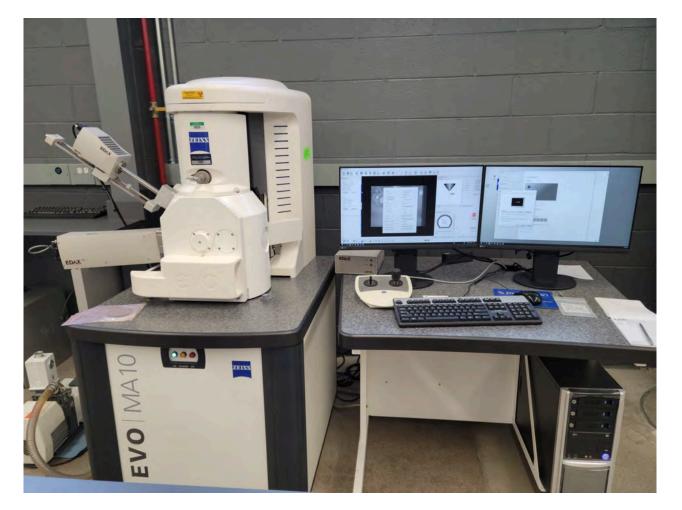
Various

MATERIALS

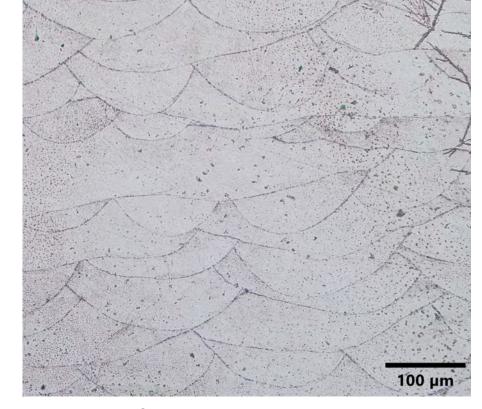
Variety of metals

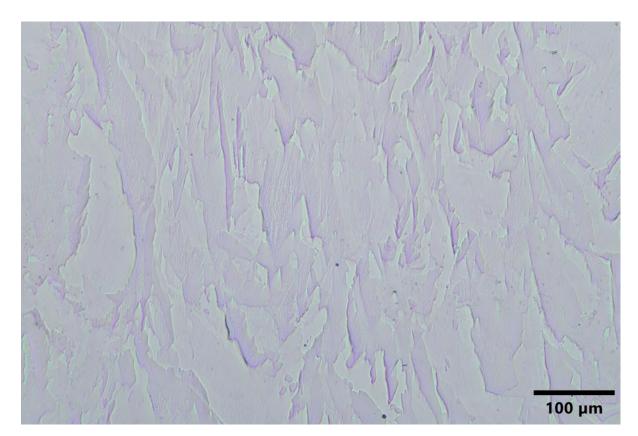
Using the equipment in LIFT's **metrology lab**, we're able to cut the metal specimens apart, mount them in media, polish them to a mirror finish, and chemically erode (or etch) their surface to show the microstructure.

Our optical and scanning electron microscopes were used to collect the images you see here. LIFT also uses its hardness testers and tensile frame to understand the mechanical properties of our materials.









Both of these images are the same metal, a nickel alloy called IN718 or Inconel 718. They were built at the same exact time in our laser beam powder bed fusion machine. However, they underwent different heat treatments after being built.

- Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) for microscopy, with an integrated Energy Dispersive X-ray Spectrometer (XEDS)
- Instron 5982 Series Universal Pull Testing System
- Leco AMH43 Automatic Micro/Macro-Indentation Hardness Testing System
- Leco LM310AT Rockwell Hardness Tester
- Computest SC Digital Portable Hardness Tester
- Olympus GX41 Inverted Metallurgical Microscope
- Olympus SZ61 Stereoscopic Microscope
- Nikon Eclipse LV150 Digital Imaging Microscope

- Hexagon Global Performance Computer
- Measurement Machine (CMM)
- Columbia Marking Tools Eco-Mark Laser Engraving
- Leco MSX255 Benchtop Sectioning Machine
- Leco VC-50 Diamond Saw
- Leco Spectrum System 1000 Sample Grinder/ Polisher
- Leco PR-36 Mounting Press
- Struers CitoPress-1 Mounting Press
- Struers TegraPol polishing unit
- Pace Technologies Giga 0900 Vibratory Polisher